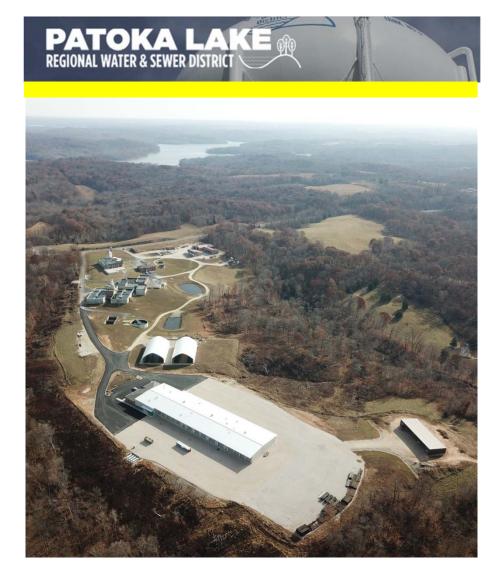




BOARD OF DIRECTORS

John Wade Elmer Brames Pat Seger Louie Allstott Dan Crecelius Matt Henderson Marshall Noble

2647 N State Road 545, Dubois, Indiana 47527, 812-678-8300 www.plrws.net









PATOKA LAKE

Patoka Lake, an 8,800 acre reservoir located in parts of the counties of Crawford, Dubois, and Orange was authorized under the Flood Control Act of 1965. The reservoir was constructed by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers beginning in July of 1972 and completed in early 1979. It exists as a cooperative management effort between the Corps of Engineers and the Indiana Department of Natural Resources. Patoka Lake is commonly known for its picturesque natural setting, excellent fishing opportunities, and other recreational resources, as well as for its flood control operations and for the regulation of the level of the Patoka River.



POINTS OF CONTACT

Park Manager U.S. Army Corps of Engineers 4512 N. Cuzco Rd S. Dubois, Indiana 47527-9661 Phone: (812) 678-3761



· · ·
And-Tro Water Authority467
Branchville Training Center1,550
Pike County
Otwell Water Corporation1,026
Spencer County
St. Meinrad Utilities216
Town of Santa Claus1,000
Gentryville600
Santa La Hill700
Chrisney375
Finch-Newton Water700
Warrick County
The Town of Lynnville450
The Town of Tennyson1,600
Washington County
Posey Township Water Corporation1,275

RETAIL:

Perry County

Water	5,350
Sewer	1,100

TOTAL CUSTOMERS......37,698

Reservoir Manager

Indiana Department of Natural Resources 3084 N. Dillard Road Birdseye, Indiana 47513 Phone: (812) 685-2464



CUSTOMER BASE

WHOLESALE:

Crawford County

English Municipal Water Works	
Patoka Water Company	325
Grantsburg	100
Department of Natural Resources	
Dubois County	
Dubois Water Utilities	3,406
Alfordsville Water	200
St. Anthony Water Utility	625
Huntingburg Water Utility	2,425
Duff Water Corporation	325
Ferdinand Municipal Water Utilities	969
St. Henry Water Corporation	1,200
Town of Dale	750
Birdseye Water Utility	305
Ireland Utilities	1,325
Town of Holland	422
Town of Stendal	162
Gibson County	
Pike-Gibson Water	3,250
City of Oakland City	1,325
Orange County	
Town of Paoli	1,750
Orleans Water Utility	900

Springs Valley Regional Water District.....1,275

DISTRICT FORMATION

STATE of INDIANA

STREAM POLLUTION CONTROL BOARD



VIA CERTIFIED MAIL

IN THE MATTER OF THE PETITION OF THE) COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF CRAWFORD,) DUBDIS AND ORANGE COUNTIES, INDIANA,) FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF A REGIONAL) SEWER DISTRICT TO BE KNOWN AS THE) "PATOKA LAKE REGIONAL WATER AND) SEWER DISTRICT," PURSUANT TO INDIANA) IC 1971, 19-3-1.1)

CAUSE NO. <u>B-268</u>

Resolved: That the Stream Pollution Control Board accept the findings of fact and Recommendations of William C. Vaughn III, Hearing Officer, on the above captioned matter, with the exception that the territory to be included in the district will not include the Town of Birdseye, and that the Board adopt the Findings of Fact and Recommendations, as amended, as its own and that the final Order be issued.

Now therefore, it is ordered by the Stream Pollution Control Board of the State of Indiana:

- 1. That the petition should be approved.
- 2. That the District, to be known as "The Patoka Lake Regional Water and Sewer District," be organized as an independent political entity of the State of Indiana.
- 3. That the purpose of the District shall be the collection and treatment of sewage and the distribution of water.
- 4. That the District shall include all the territory described in paragraph 4 of the petition and the map attached thereto; with the exception of the Town of Birdseye.
- 5. That the District be governed by a seven (7) member Board of Trustees.
- 6. That the Board of Trustees shall provide sufficient bond for all Officers, trustees, or employees who have any power to dispense funds of the District. Said bond, as a minimum, shall be in an amount equal to, plus 10% of, those funds anticipated to be received by the District, divided by 6 which amount shall be determined annually be the Board of Trustees.
- That six months from the date of its creation, the Patoka Lake Regional Water and Sewer District shall file with the Stream Pollution Control Board, a detailed plan for the construction and operation of the District's facilities pursuant to IC 1971, 19-3-1.1-5(a).

Date this 16th day of April, 1975.

Stream Pollution Control Board of the State of Indiana

Oral H: Kurt

Oral H. Hert Technical Secretary

CONSTRUCTION

The original facilities, phase I, for water treatment, supply, and wastewater treatment were designed and constructed from 1977 through 1979 at a cost of a little over \$9,000,000. These facilities were intended to meet the immediate initial contractual commitments for wholesale customers and to provide water supply to retail users along the transmission mains. Immediately after completion, plans were started to expand the water treatment plant and add additional water mains. After one project would be completed, the next would start. Today, the District has 2 water treatment plants, 6 booster stations, 12 water storage tanks, and a wastewater treatment plant.

<u>CC</u>	MPLETED	WATER	SEWER		
Phase I	1979	\$ 9,078,007	\$ 1,700,000		
Phase II	1981/1979	3,932,231	874,000		
Phase III "C	" 1985	2,245,729	,		
Phase III	1987/1984	16,057,193	970,000		
Phase IV	1995	10,967,532	1,305,000		
Phase V	1995/2003	13,630,242	9,761,000		
Phase V-A	1998	3,075,000			
Phase VI	2002	6,447,200			
Phase VII	2012	13,005,127			
Phase VIII	2016	27,108,000			
WWTP	2017/2018		980,000		
WP 1	2019	3,500,000			
OP FAC	2019	5,000,000			
Total Const	ruction Costs	\$114,046,261	\$15,590,000		
PLANNED					
Drying Beds	2021	1,500,000			
Tank 4 Repl	2022	3,500,000			

Tank 4 Repl	2022	3,500,000
BS Tank 4	2022	1,000,000

WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITIES

The initial sewer system was completed in the fall of 1979 at a cost of about \$3.2 million, the system included a 350,000 gallon per day extended aeration process sewage treatment plant and collection system which provides service to the Newton-Stewart State Recreation Area, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers operation and maintenance facilities, and the nearby community of Dubois. All of the underwater sewer mains required to serve the lake area were installed prior to the flooding of the reservoir.



In 1984, the plant capacity was expanded to 700,000 gallons per day, an oxidation ditch installed, 2 clarifiers, a sludge holding tank, and a vacuum sludge drying building were added. Sewer mains were extended to a subdivision of 154 lots near the lake, a recreational campground with 700 lots and extensions to connect across the lake to a proposed commercial development (Tillery Hill). Total cost was \$2.2 million.

In 2003, Phase V consisted of a low-pressure sewage collection system including 62 miles of 1¹/₄" to 10" force mains, 11 main lift stations with telemetry to the plant, 640 grinder stations, and an additional 300,000 gallon digester. Total cost was \$9.2 million. The system is a great benefit of small, local unincorporated communities in Dubois County to the south and west of the plant.

In 2017, a \$1 million project was undertaken to improve flows, replace the outdated chlorine treatment for a new state-of-the-art UV treatment, electrical upgrades, and an upgraded generator to run the entire plant.

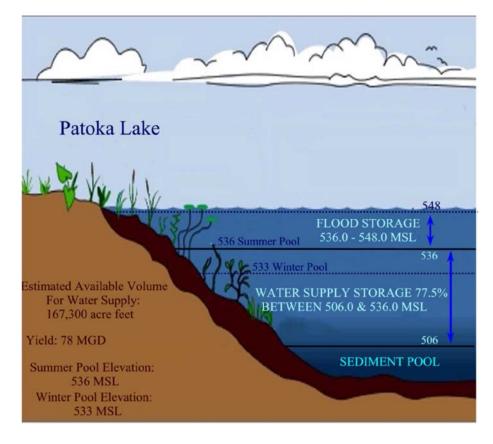
CAPACITY OVERFLOW

RAW WATER SUPPLY FROM PATOKA LAKE

	TYPE	GALLONS	ELEVATION
Water Plant #1 (clear well)	Underground	1 500,000	700 ft
Water Plant #2 (clear well)	Underground	l 641,000	700 ft
<u>M</u> Phase I:	ATER TANI	<u>KS</u>	
Tank #1 Newton-Stewart	Elevated	500,000	900 ft
Tank #2 Bretzville	Elevated	500,000	770 ft
	Lievatea	200,000	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Phase IIIC:			
Tank #3 Water Plant	Elevated	1,000,000	910 ft
Phase III:	G. 1 .	500.000	070.0
Tank #4 West Paoli Tank #6 Doolittle Mills	Standpipe Elevated	500,000 200,000	970 ft 970 ft
Tank #7 Oriole	Standpipe	200,000	970 ft
Talik #7 Offore	Standpipe	230,000	970 It
Phase V:			
Tank #8 Holland	Elevated	500,000	800 ft
Phase VA:			
Tank #9 Ferdinand	Elevated	750,000	770 ft
Phase VI:			
Tank #10 Orleans	Elevated	500,000	900 ft
	Lievateu	500,000	900 It
Phase VII:			
Tank #11 Valeene	Elevated	500,000	1,070 ft
Phase VIII:			
Tank #12 Baseline Road	Elevated	1,000,000	910 ft
Tank #13 Arthur Junction	Elevated	750,000	800 ft

TOTAL STORAGE CAPACITY: 8,710,000





Present contract with the Indiana Department of Natural Resources allows up to a maximum of 20 million gallons per day withdrawal. Supplemental agreement to increase this amount may be had on application and mutual agreement by both parties. Present contract is good for 50 years. Contract was approved March 2009.

INTAKE FACILITIES

The District's intake structure is located on a 70 foot bluff on the west side of the Lick Fork finger of Patoka Lake and is designed to be able to pump 20 million gallons of raw water per day. The structure is equipped with multiple inlet ports, traveling screen devices, pumps, and necessary appurtenances for automation and controls...



Water from the intake structure flows throughout 16 inch and 30 inch transmission mains to the water treatment plants. These mains are also designed to handle a flow of 20 million gallons per day. The water treatment facilities are located approximately $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles west of the intake structure on a 58 acre tract of land.

WATER PLANT 2

The addition of Plant 2 in 1993 increased the raw water pumping, treatment, and distribution pumping capacity to 10 million gallons per day. In 2015, phase VIII increased capacity to 15 million gallons per day.

(4) 3472 GPM solid contact units
(8) 868 GPM filter units
(2) back wash holding tank units
(3) high service pumps with 3,400 GPM capacity
908,000 gallon underground clear well backwash sludge removal Ultraviolet Treatment

The UV disinfection process is a non-chemical method for destroying microorganisms by altering their genetic material, and rendering them unable to reproduce.



WATER PLANT 1



Plant 1 has a rated capacity of 3,473 gallons per minute with a net capacity of 5 million gallons per day. The main components of the treatment facility consist of the following units...

- ♦ (4) 868 GPM solid contact units
- ♦ (8) 434 GPM filters
- high service pumps
- chlorination, ammonia and fluoridation equipment
- controls
- chemical feed equipment
- reclaiming backwash facilities, sludge holding ponds, & drying beds
- ✤ 500,000 gallon clear well



TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION

The distribution system consists of approximately 850 miles of 2 inch through 30 inch transmission and distribution mains constructed of ductile iron and PVC pipe extending in all directions from the water treatment plants. Flow from the elevated storage tank at the water treatment plant is by gravity pressure throughout the distribution system assisted by two 700 gallons per minute booster stations, one 1500 gallons per minute booster station, two 500 gallons per minute booster stations, and one 400 gallons per minute booster station creating static pressures varying from 20 PSI to 200 PSI with a customer average of 60 PSI depending on location of service. Storage tanks are constructed throughout the system to provide flows during peak demand periods and maintain system pressures.

The system is complete with the necessary valves, flush and fire hydrants, blow-offs, pressure reducing valves, radio read meters, and service lines.

